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Special for To-day Only 100 Heavy Taffeta Silk Underskirts; black and colors. For..... \$1.98

Another Big Friday & Saturday Sale

We show you the largest selection of styles in this city and the greatest values, which you can prove to your own satisfaction by comparison.

2-day bargains in tailored suits

100 Tailored Suits for women and misses, of all materials. Values up to \$30.00..... \$15.00

50 Suits for stout women, 43 to 51 bust measure, in black, navy, and colors. Values, \$25 to \$35.00..... \$19.95

At \$25 and \$35

—Handsome Suits of broadcloth, velvet, serge, English tweed and exclusive rough effects. Values up to \$50.00.

Entire 3d floor given to coat stock.

At \$15.00—Women's and Misses' Coats—50 to 56 inches long—all lined—of broadcloth, plaid backs and serge. Values up to \$22.50.

At \$25.00—French Broadcloth Coats—50 inches long—finest linings—of imported rough fabrics and plaid back fabrics in Polo Coats, the best Caracul and Seal Plush Coats. Actual values up to \$35.00.

Only the most reliable furs—and we have pitched our prices lower than any other house in town—and far below the exclusive fur stores.

\$49.50 for \$75.00 Russian Poyonkin Coats—52 inches.

\$65.00 for \$100.00 Handsome Selected Poyonkin Coats—54 inches.

\$85.00 for \$125.00 Hudson Seal Coats.

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Breath, Tone Placement, Singing.

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Is the only kind the future money-maker should bother with. The education you get at Strayer's can be converted into dollars and cents in any office in this country. It's right to the point, practical, sufficient. Phone for catalogue.

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UNITED STATES COLLEGE OF VETERINARY SURGEONS.

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MODERN STEEL PALACE STEAMERS.

Lv. Washington, D. C., daily, 6:30 a. m.

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Thru tickets on sale to all points South, with stopovers at Old Point Comfort and Norfolk.

NEW YORK AND BOSTON BY SEA.

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MOUNT VERNON

Str. Charles Macauliffe (Capacity 1,700)

A delightful river trip on the historic Potomac.

Leaving wharf, 10 and M sts. w., daily, except Sunday, 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.

FARE—75c ROUND TRIP.

Including admission to grounds and mansion.

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Cars from 18th and N. Y. av. to quarter house.

Connect at Chevy Chase Lake with Kensington Line.

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HOTEL APARTMENT HOUSE

Connecticut Avenue

In Washington's Most Exclusive Residential Section.

Apartments of two, three, four, and five rooms and bath; also seven-room housekeeping apartments, furnished or unfurnished.

Can be rented by the year, six months, or for a shorter period.

Cafe on the American and European plan.

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HOTEL RICHMOND

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American; European; 100 rooms; 50 baths. Rates reasonable. Phone 286. Clifford M. Lewis.

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WASHINGTON, D. C. 147

The Famous SHOOMAKER PENN. RYE

Ten year old, 43.25. Order by phone.

Also TENNESSEE, \$1.00 Bottle.

The Shoomaker Co.

3331 E Street N. W.

Established 1853. Phone Main 1138.

BIG ATTENDANCE**AT HORSE SHOW**

Detail of Traffic Squad Center of Interest.

New York, Nov. 17.—All were under arrest at the National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden, that is, the attention of all was arrested, when a troop of mounted police was in command of the ring. It was a detail of the traffic squad. There was a large attendance and was plenty to keep the onlookers interested.

The horse show committee announced that the judges had quite overlooked Lieut. Brooke's bay mare Alice in the jumping contest on Wednesday, and her fine score. Four Canadian horses had swept the awards, the winner being Lieut. Clifford Sifton, jr.'s Wasp. On the review of their notes the judges decided that Lieut. Brooke's mare had equaled this performance, and awarded a prize to her equal in value to that won by Wasp.

At the close of the afternoon session the standing of the three leaders in wins of blue ribbons in heavy harness classes were W. H. Moore, 14; Paul A. Sorg, 3; and C. W. Watson, 2. Mr. Watson's luck turned today for the good, and simultaneously came an announcement that he is the favorite for election by the new Democratic majority in the West Virginia legislature, to succeed Nathan B. Scott.

Mrs. Gould, a black velvet costume, made her first appearance at the show about 9:30 o'clock to-night. She was accompanied by Miss Vivian Gould, Lord Decies, and Lieut. Brooke. They caused some sensation as they came down the boardwalk, and a crowd quickly gathered in front of the Gould box, for Mrs. Gould was always a favorite. Lord Decies wore the uniform of a major of the Royal Horse Artillery; Mrs. Gould a black velvet costume, a black satin coat, a black hat trimmed with blue plumes, and sable furs. Miss Vivian was daintily dressed in white chiffon. She wore a silver gray hat trimmed with silver white feathers and silver velvet, and a gray coat trimmed with skunk.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman wore a black chiffon and lace costume, a black coat hat trimmed with white wings, and her adornments were pearls.

Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, of Philadelphia, wore a blue costume trimmed with white net, embellished with gold, a black hat trimmed with silver.

Miss Eleanor Sears wore a lavender dress, a large lavender hat trimmed with plumes, and an ermine coat.

SEAT WILL BE CONTESTED.

Representative-elect Curley Contested Federal Office.

On the grounds that he was convicted and served a sentence for an offense against the United States, Representative-elect James M. Curley, of Boston, will have his right to sit in the House contested.

Curley served a sentence of one year in the Boston House of Correction several years ago for impersonating an agent in civil service examinations. Shortly after his release he was elected to the Massachusetts State Legislature, but that body refused to receive him as a member.

He has served several terms in the board of aldermen in Boston and has been president of the body. He is one of the most influential and prominent Democrats in Boston.

Hackenschmidt Wins Bout.

Boston, Nov. 17.—George Hackenschmidt, the former world's champion wrestler, defeated Maurice de Riaz, the Swiss champion, in two straight falls here to-night. The Russian secured the first fall in eighteen minutes and the second in fifteen minutes.

AMERICAN WINES FOR THANKSGIVING DINNERS

SHERRY 35c A BOTTLE

PORT 35c A BOTTLE

CATAWBA 35c A BOTTLE

MUSCATEL 35c A BOTTLE

ANGELICA 35c A BOTTLE

FOR 3 BOTTLES \$1.00

To-Kalon Wine Co., ST. N. W.

Phone Main 998. (Our new store.)

ATLANTIC CITY HOTELS.**HOTEL WESTMONT**

Ocean end of Rhode Island avenue. Splendid table and service. Special winter rate, \$10 per week; ocean front rooms without bath, \$12.50; with bath, \$15. Sea-water baths. Booklet, W. H. MOORE, Manager.

PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills taken in time not only cure, but will prevent.

SICK HEADACHE,

biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills**OFFICERS AT NAVY YARD KEEP SILENT**

Merchants of Southeast to Fight General Store.

IS DETRIMENT TO BUSINESS

Capt. Beattie, Commandant of Yard, and Paymaster Merriam Refuse to Talk on Possible Discontinuance of Commissary Experiment Recently Brought to Notice.

Naval officers stationed in Washington had one topic of conversation among themselves yesterday, and that was the new general store at the navy yard and its possible discontinuance because of the attitude of merchants in southeast Washington, as brought to notice by The Washington Herald.

Not for publication would a single officer talk. Those who the day before were extremely enthusiastic and laudacious over the prospects of the store, maintained silence. With the merchants of that section, it was a different story. They mean to fight and will appeal to the Navy Department for the closing of the store.

S. E. Bieher, of the Bieher-Kaufman Company, was one of the many merchants of Southeast Washington who expressed themselves as heartily opposed to the continuance of the store along its present lines.

"Before the establishment of the store," said Mr. Bieher, "our trade with the navy set was extensive. Of course, if the officers are saving money through the venture, I do not blame them for patronizing the store."

Detriment to Business.

"If the store accepts outside trade, to the detriment of the business establishments in this section, something ought to be done for our own protection. If the store has not the official sanction of the Navy Department, it should not be allowed to do business that will interfere with merchants outside the yard."

Similar expressions from other merchants made evident the fact that a crusade against the government's department store is certain.

"The navy yard the conversational lid was clamped down tight, so far as store talk went. Capt. Beattie, commandant of the yard, and Paymaster Merriam, in charge of the store, refused to be interviewed on the subject. The store, however, did business as usual."

Three wagon loads of merchandise went out from the store at the usual delivery time. Whether the wagons and supplies were bound could not be learned, for the drivers had been cautioned not to reveal their destinations. The wagons went outside the yard to make deliveries.

Officers Keep Silent.

Navy Department officials were as mum on the subject as the officers at the yard. Officially, the department doesn't know the store exists, it being an experiment, conducted by the commissary department with the tacit consent of "the higher command."

Unofficially, however, officials say that they believe the store should be continued, as it is a boon to the officers and men in the naval service.

All charges of irregularities in the business conduct of the store were denied at the department by officers who spoke unofficially, but who are conversant with the commissary department. It is understood that several of the larger wholesale firms of the city have contracted to deliver groceries, meats, and other staples along with many luxuries at the store.

The fact is what is causing merchants in Southeast Washington to prepare for a fight. They will stand for a regular yard store for navy people, but object to a department store to supply outside trade in the vicinity. It is probable that the navy will meet to-day or to-morrow to consider means of fighting the project, if a change in the conduct of the government store is not inaugurated.

CANADA PARLIAMENT OPENS

Earl Grey, Governor General, Reads Speech from Throne.

Reciprocity with United States Is Touched on in Address to Members of Houses.

Ottawa, Nov. 17.—The third session of the eleventh Parliament of Canada was opened with much ceremony and a pretty display of fireworks by Earl Grey, the governor general, King George's personal representative, who was driven to the Parliament buildings and escorted by dragons.

Earl Grey read the speech from the throne in English and in French, after which the House of Commons assembled in its chamber, and after a few pleasantries and an exchange of compliments between the government and the opposition, it adjourned until Monday.

That, in the opinion of this House, the reciprocal question is a question of the highest importance, and that the government should take prompt action thereon, was the substance of the speech from the throne.

The desirability of more equitable tariff arrangements between the United States and Canada has long been felt on this side of the border. The commercial policy of the republic has not hitherto favored imports from Canada. We have bought largely from the United States, but they have bought much less from us in return.

That the Conservative party intends to steal Sir Wilfrid Laurier's thunder was made evident this afternoon just before Parliament adjourned, when a S. McLaughlin, Conservative member for Portage La Prairie, introduced the following resolution and gave notice that he would call it up for discussion next Monday:

"That, in the opinion of this House, a substantial reduction in the import duties on agricultural implements is now due the agriculturists of Canada, and in just accord with the true principles of a protective tariff."

SIMPLIFIED SPELLING O. K.

School Board Allows Its Use in the Central Review.

Following the appearance of the Central High School Review with simplified spelling, the school board, after a conference, is of the opinion that there is nothing wrong in the use of the new way of spelling.

When the question arose as to whether this form of spelling would be allowed in a school paper the father of the editor, William F. Edgerton, wrote to the board of education asking that his son be allowed to use simplified spelling in his paper. Permission was granted.

The Review will appear for the rest of the year with spelling according to the rules laid down by Col. Roosevelt.

Dover, England, Nov. 17.—Twelve men were rescued from a French steamer which was destroyed by fire, and brought here to-day on a tug.

WILL RECEIVE \$100,000.

Former Washingtonian Will Get Estate of Little Son.

Joseph H. Bradley, formerly of Georgetown, now of Montgomery County, Md., as the heir to his infant son, who died July 16 last, will receive \$100,000, third interest in the estate of the late Mary C. Parrish, of Luzerne County, Pa.

LORDS PASS BILL TO REFORM HOUSE

Rosebery Resolutions Find Little Opposition.

London, Nov. 17.—Without division to-night the House of Lords passed Lord Rosebery's resolutions for the reform of the Upper House, except the one dealing with tenure, which was withdrawn. Lord Rosebery, in urging the adoption of the resolutions, said: "The time is short, my lords. You may have no opportunity after to-night to discuss any resolutions affecting this house."

The warning, however, was not heeded. There was no serious opposition, while many speakers strongly supported the resolutions. Among these was Lord Curzon, who said: "We want to place this chamber on a democratic basis."

The gist of Lord Rosebery's resolutions is that the House in the future shall consist of lords of Parliament, comprising some chosen by all the hereditary peers from among themselves, some nominated by the Crown, others elected by virtue of their offices, and still others chosen from outside.

The tenure resolution provided that the terms of the lords of Parliament should be identical with the terms of the ex officio members, whose membership should coincide with their tenure of office.

Frederic Asquith having informed the suffragettes of his inability to give further time to the conciliation bill this year, the militant suffragettes propose to try to force an entry into the House of Commons to-morrow and create a trouble involving an embarrassing number of arrests.

AVIATOR GOES UP IN 30-MILE GALE

White Braves Wind at the Philadelphia Meet.

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.—In the teeth of a 30-mile breeze, Grahame-White took the air this afternoon at Point Breeze track and gave the crowd present a bewildering exhibition of what an aeroplane can do.

Drexel said it was certain death for a man to fly a machine in the gale that was blowing. He urged Grahame-White to abandon the attempt, but the Englishman man replied that the success of the week's meet depended largely upon the opening day, and if there was no flying to-day the people would not attend to-morrow.

Two disappointed spectators were Miss Alice Mauran, of this city, and Miss Edwina Post, of New York, who had made arrangements with Grahame-White to ascend with him to-day. Because of the strong wind blowing at 3 o'clock he declined to take them up in his Farman.

He promised, however, to give them a ride later.

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

German Balloon, with Three Men Aboard, Cannot Be Found.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—The balloon Saar, which ascended Sunday with two military officers and a civilian aboard, and has not since been heard of, has been given up as lost. The torpedo-boat which searched the North Sea for the balloon have given up the hunt and returned.

Aero Corporation Formed.

Albany, Nov. 17.—The International Aviators, with principal offices at Fly Mountain, Ulster County, has been incorporated, with a capital of \$250,000, to give exhibitions and demonstrations of aeroplanes, flying machines, and balloons, and to operate practice grounds for such exhibitions. The directors are Alfred J. Moisant, John B. Moisant, and Adolph E. Tupperman, of New York.

SUGAR COMPANY IS HELD.

Court Says Concern Stole Water from City of New York.

New York, Nov. 17.—Ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, acting as referee in the suit brought by the American Sugar Refining company for a permanent injunction restraining the city of New York from shutting off its water in the Williamsburg refinery because the company will not pay a claim of \$25,000 for water which the city alleges the sugar trust got free by fraud, handed down a decision to-day denying the injunction and holding that the sugar trust did steal the city's water.

This leaves the city free to go about collecting its bill after twenty days, after which period it may shut off the sugar company's water if a settlement is not made.

In handing down his decision against the American Sugar Refining Company Judge O'Brien gives it as his opinion that the amount of water which the sugar trust is accused of having stolen is much greater than the facts laid before him as referee seem to warrant. It is charged that during the six-year period the company got by fraud 1,800,000 gallons a day.

Cubans Defeat Detroit.

Havana, Nov. 17.—The game to-day between the Almendares and Detroit baseball clubs resulted in a victory for the Cubans by a score of 2 to 1.

Four Pellets of**MUNYON'S****DYSPEPSIA**

everybody will heal soothly

CURE

and invigorate worn out

stomachs and relieve distress.

TAILORING TALKS

By J. FRED GATCHELL

928 Fourteenth Street

Of course, what I am after is your patronage. But I WANT IT STRICTLY ON THE MERIT OF MY WORK. Business is business. There is no sentiment about it. If I can give you BETTER SATISFACTION than you've been getting, naturally you will want US TO MAKE YOUR CLOTHES.

I think I can—and because I think so I don't hesitate to ask for your tailoring account. It's human nature to think one's own is best. But I am not prejudiced in my own favor without good reason. I have surrounded myself with the BEST FACILITIES. Assuredly, there isn't a

cutter in Washington who has better success than Mr. Van Doren. He throws his whole talent into every garment he cuts. His interest is centered on giving YOU the best that can be produced. You'll find both he and me more critical than you'll be yourself. The result is you cannot help getting the BEST SERVICE. And there's that self-imposed safeguard for YOU—"Fit or No Pay"—with no deposit paid to bias your judgment. You cannot know until you try us—and we'll have you on our books for a regular customer after that.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Under U. S. Government Control.
The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

PERFORM YOUR Part by Starting an Account With this Strong Old Savings Bank

—and we will perform our part by offering you every incentive to continue.

Whether you have much or little to deposit, you will find us ever ready to promote your best interests.

We make it a feature of our service to render every assistance to beginners.

3% Interest paid on deposits, compounded every six months.**Union Savings Bank,**

710 14th Street N. W.

Regular banking hours, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays, 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 6 to 8 p. m. for DEPOSITS ONLY.

Open on 1st, 2d, 3d, 16th, and 17th until 5 p. m. for DEPOSITS ONLY.

TO-DAY IN HISTORY.**Establishment of Standard Time—November 18.**

Uptil within the last twenty-one years each community used its own local time, but as travel became more extensive it was found quite inconvenient to alter one's watch and system of time reckoning for every few miles of travel east and west. Accordingly, late in the year 1883 the United States adopted a system of standard time. It required several months to adjust matters, but this system went into effect on March 12, 1883, since which time this system of standard time has been adopted all over the country. It was necessary to divide the whole country into time belts of approximately 15 degrees in width.

The "Eastern" belt, extending as far west as Buffalo, Pittsburg, and a line directly south, uses the time of the seventy-fifth meridian, which is very nearly that of the Atlantic coast cities. Crossed into the "Central" belt, watches are set one hour earlier, as the time employed is that of the ninety-fifth meridian, six hours behind the Greenwich time. Similarly, "Mountain" time uses the 105th meridian, seven hours behind, and the "Pacific" belt adopts the 120th meridian, just eight hours slower than that of Greenwich.

Standard time is uniform inside each section of these sections, and the time of each section differs from that next to it by exactly one hour. Thus, at 12 noon in New York City the time at Chicago is 11 a. m.; at Denver, 10 a. m., and at San Francisco, 9 a. m.

At present almost every civilized country is using some system of standard time, usually under the control of its own government.

The chief source for standard time in the United States is the Naval Observatory at Washington, D. C. Here high-grade clocks are carefully regulated by observation of the stars at night and all necessary corrections applied. For five minutes preceding noon of each day, Eastern time the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies suspend all business and throw their lines into connection with the Washington observatory. It is so arranged that the sounders all over the lines make a stroke each second during the five minutes until noon, except the twenty-ninth of each minute, the last five seconds of each of the first four minutes, and the last ten seconds of the fifth minute; then follows the final stroke at each noon.

This affords many opportunities for the correction and setting of timepieces throughout the country. The Western Union company also operates a system of some 20,000 clocks, which automatically set themselves by the noon signal each day.

In addition to the Washington signals, many smaller observatories determine and distribute time in a similar way to jewelers and local railroad lines. In most of the larger seaports, time balls are dropped at noon, and give mariners an opportunity to correct their chronometers. Fire companies aid in the distribution of time in many localities by sounding bells at certain specified times each day, thus affording the public a convenient source of "correct time" with a reasonable degree of accuracy